

RESULTS OF JOURNALISTS' SAFETY SURVEY

With the support of the Open Society Forum, Globe International Center conducted the survey as part of the Covid-19 and Monitoring of Citizen's Political Rights Violations project, implemented from November 2020 to March 31, 2022.

SOME SURVEY RESULTS

THE MOST IMPORTANT SAFETY ISSUE

To the question, "What is the most important safety issue for persons working in the media?" 51 percent of respondents answered "personal safety is first", with 45 percent saying "source safety" and 44 percent "information safety".



THE PURPOSE OF THE SURVEY:

Not only to identify and record violations of the professional rights of journalists during a high level of public preparedness in response to the COVID-19 or coronavirus pandemic, but also to identify factors that affect those violations.

SCOPE OF THE SURVEY:

A total of 233 journalists and media workers from Ulaanbaatar and local television, newspapers, magazines, radio, FM and websites participated, of whom 76 percent were from Ulaanbaatar and 24 percent were local. 70 percent of the respondents were women and 30 percent were men.

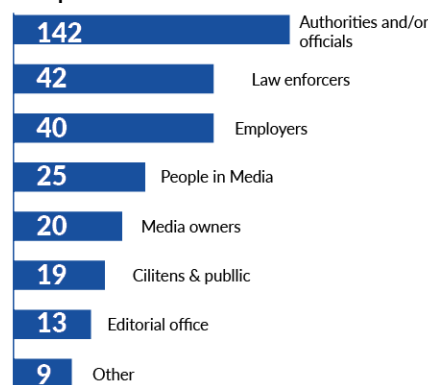
PROBLEMS FACED BY JOURNALISTS AND MEDIA PROFESSIONALS

One of the most common problems faced by journalists is that they are "unreasonably refused to obtain information", which was the response given by 57 percent of the respondents.

Nº	Issues	Percent
1	Unreasonable refusal to provide information	57%
2	Summon from court, police or prosecutor	20%
3	Email and phone threats	18%
4	Personal threats	16%
5	Information theft	15%
6	Tracking and hacking of private online spaces	12%
7	Hacking an e-mail	9%
8	Tracking and hacking in the online workplace	8%
9	Confiscation of equipment and technology /virus transmission /	6%
10	Listen to and record telephone conversations	5%
11	Physical assault	5%
12	Searching and inspecting	4%
13	Other issues	4%
14	Illegal arrest	3%
15	Threaten friends, family, and co-workers	1%
Total		100%

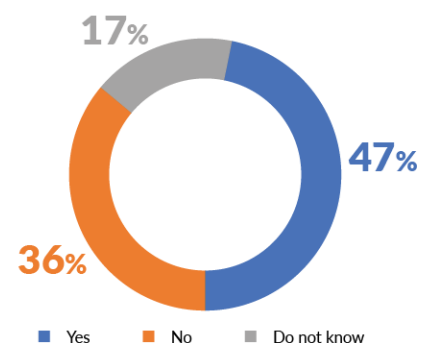
VIOLATING SUBJECTS

When asked "Who violates the interests of journalists and media workers the most", 142 out of 233 respondents answered "authorities and/or officials", which represents 61 percent.



VIOLATION OF RIGHTS

47 percent of respondents said that their rights and freedoms were violated while undertaking their professional duties, while 17 percent said that they did not know whether their rights and freedoms had been violated.



> What rights have been violated?

50 percent said the right to information was violated.



> When were your rights violated?

If categorized by years the number of people who said their rights were violated, nearly half, or 49 percent responded that the violations occurred in 2020. 37 percent of respondents said that their professional rights had been violated in 2021, while 14 percent of surveyors did in 2022.

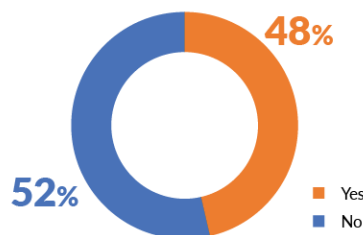
Violations by Years /in Percentages/



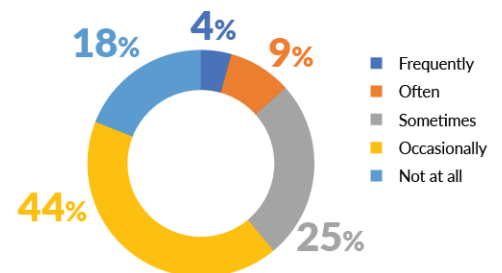
> WHETHER OR NOT JOURNALISTS AND/OR MEDIA WORKERS SUFFER FROM PSYCHOLOGICAL STRESS AND EMOTIONAL LOSS?

Almost one in two journalists and/or media workers suffers from psychological pressure. To the question “How often do you experience psychological stress/pressure” 13 percent answered “frequently and often,” 25 percent “sometimes”, 44 percent “occasionally,” and 18 percent “no at all”.

Do you suffer from stress or damage related to your job?



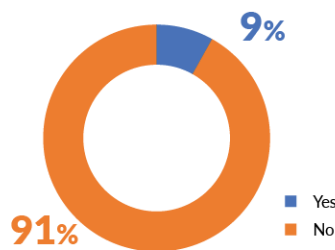
How Often do you experience psychological stress?



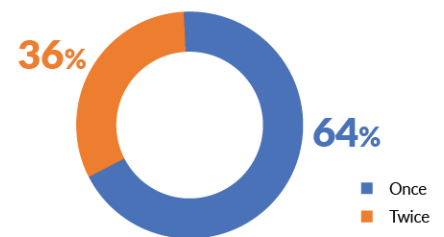
> WHETHER OR NOT EXPERIENCED CONFISCATION OF YOUR WORK EQUIPMENT AND BELONGINGS?

9 percent of respondents reported confiscation of their work equipment and/or belongings at least once or twice.

Have your equipment or belongings been confiscated?



Frequency of confiscation of equipment and belongings?



> MEASURES TO BE TAKEN TO ENSURE THE SAFETY OF JOURNALISTS

64% of respondents said that the most important measure to reduce the problems faced by journalists and media workers is to “improve the legal environment”.

What measures need to be taken to ensure the safety of journalists? /in percentages/

